

Solving Trig Equations

Linear & Quadratic

Solve for θ .

Ex 1)

a) $\sqrt{\sin^2 \theta} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$ over $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$

$$\sin \theta = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

b) $\sqrt{\sin^2 \theta} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$ over $\frac{3\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$

$$\sin \theta = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

~~S | A~~
~~T | C~~

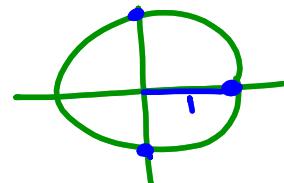
$$\text{Ex 2)} \quad 4\sin^2 \theta - 1 = 0 \quad \text{over } 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } \sin \theta &= x \\ 4x^2 - 1 &= 0 \\ \cancel{4}x^2 &= \frac{1}{4} \\ \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} \\ x &= \pm \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \theta &= \pm \frac{1}{2} \\ \theta &= \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Ex 3) a) } \cos^2 x - \cos x = 0 \quad \text{over } [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos x (\cos x - 1) &= 0 \\ \cos x = 0 & \quad \cos x = 1 \\ x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} & \quad x = 0, 2\pi \end{aligned}$$



$$\text{b) } \cos^2 x - \cos x = 0 \quad \text{over } (0, 2\pi]$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi$$

not included

$$\text{ex 4)} \quad 2\sin^2\theta - 5\sin\theta - 3 = 0 \quad \text{general solution}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\sin\theta - 3)(2\sin\theta + 1) = 0 \\
 & \cancel{\sin\theta \neq 3} \quad \cancel{(1)} \quad \sin\theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \text{S/A} \\
 & \theta = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \quad \text{TC} \\
 & \theta = \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$
$x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$
$(x - \frac{6}{2})(x + \frac{1}{2}) = 0$
$(x - 3)(2x + 1) = 0$