

Financial Word Problems $\div 100 = 0.1125$

Ex 1: If you invest any amount of money at 11.25% compounded quarterly, determine how long will it take the money to double.

$$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$$

where A = amount of investment at the end

P = amount of investment at the start

r = interest rate (as a decimal)

n = number of compounding periods per year

t = time in years

$$2 = 1 \left(1 + \frac{0.1125}{4}\right)^{4t}$$

$$\frac{\log 2}{4 \log \left(1 + \frac{0.1125}{4}\right)} = \frac{4t \log \left(1 + \frac{0.1125}{4}\right)}{4 \log \left(1 + \frac{0.1125}{4}\right)}$$

$$6.248 = t$$

years

Ex 2: Determine how many monthly investments of $\$200$ would have to be made into an account that pays 6% annual interest, compounded monthly, to obtain at least $\$100,000$. Express your answer as a whole number.

$$FV = \frac{R[(1 + i)^n - 1]}{i}$$

where FV = future value

R = investment amount each period

$$i = \frac{\text{annual interest rate}}{\text{number of compounding periods per year}} = \frac{0.06}{12} = 0.005$$

n = number of investments

$$100000 = \frac{200[(1.005)^n - 1]}{0.005}$$

$$\frac{100000}{40000} = \frac{40000}{40000} [(1.005)^n - 1] \quad \left| \quad \frac{500}{200} = \frac{200}{200} [(1.005)^n - 1] \right.$$

$$2.5 = 1.005^n - 1 \quad \left| \quad 2.5 = 1.005^n - 1 \right.$$

$$3.5 = 1.005^n$$

$$\frac{\log 3.5}{\log 1.005} = \frac{n \log 1.005}{\log 1.005}$$

$$251.178 = n$$

$$n = 252 \text{ payments (Total payments)}$$

$$251 \leftarrow \text{(Full payments)}$$

Ex 3: A person borrows \$15000 to buy a car. The person can afford to pay \$300 a month. The loan will be repaid with equal monthly payments at 6% annual interest, compounded monthly. Given that the last payment will be a partial payment, determine how many full monthly payments the person will have to make. Express your answer as a whole number.

$$PV = \frac{R[1 - (1 + i)^{-n}]}{i}$$

where PV = present value of the amount borrowed

R = amount of each periodic payment

$i = \frac{\text{annual interest rate}}{\text{number of compounding periods per year}}$

n = number of equal periodic payments

$$15000 = \frac{300 [1 - (1.005)^{-n}]}{0.005}$$

$$0.25 = \frac{1 - (1.005)^{-n}}{(1.005)^{-n}}$$

$$(1.005)^{-n} = 0.75$$

$$\frac{-n \log(1.005)}{-\log(1.005)} = \frac{\log(0.75)}{-\log(1.005)}$$

$$n = 57$$

full payments

p.434

#1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12
CI FV PV PV